OFFICE PROCEDURE DAK & RECEIPTS

WHAT IS AN OFFICE?

- "Office" is an information handling, processing and ,maintenance unit?
- Serves as a "data bank" or "source of information" required for decision making;
- Effective information management contributes greatly to the overall success of the organisation;

OFFICE

- For managing an office, there should be –
- A well designed **SYSTEM**;
- A set of **PROCEDURE**; and
- Effective METHODS operation.

OFFICE

SYSTEM – is a network of related procedure integrated to carry out a major activity;

PROCEDURE – is a sequence of operation involving several people/unit in recurring transaction of business;

METHOD – is a manual of mechanised means of performing operation.

PROCEDURE

 For a procedure to be effective, it should be
 EXPLICIT;
 INTELLIGIBLE;
 CAPABLE OF ACCEPTING CHANGE;
 IMPLEMENTABLE BY ALL LEVELS OF FUNCTIONARIES; and

CAPABLE OF BEING MONITORED;

MAIN OFFICE FUNCTIONS

- Identification of cognitive material;
- Collation, compilation and analysis of data developing information;
- Presentation of relevant information for decision making;
- Communication of decisions;
- Monitoring of the process;
- Maintenance of information.

WHY OFFICE PROCEDURE?

- UNIFORMITY;
- TRACKING PAPERS RECEIVED IN THE DEPARTMENT;
- LOCATING/TRACKING RELEVANT FILE;
- CHECK DELAYS;
- ASSESS POSITION OF PENDING CASES;
- FIXING RESPONSIBILITY;
- FACILITATING FUNCTIONING OF THE OFFICE EFFICIENTLY;
- MEANS NOT AN END;

MANUALS AND INSTRUCTIONS

• MANUAL OF OFFICE PROCEDURE

- It is a complete manual on Office Procedure published by Department of Administrative Reforms & Public Grievances (www.persmin.nic.in);
- MANUAL OF E-OFFICE PROCEDURE;
- DEPARTMENTAL INSTRUCTIONS
- Departmental Instructions means instructions issued by a department to supplement or vary the provisions of the Manual of Office Procedure.

DAK-RECEIPT, REGISTRATION & DISTRIBUTION

DEFINITIONS

<u>Central Registry</u>: Means a unit in a department charged with the responsibility of receiving, registering, and distributing dak meant for that department & includes functioneries like resident clerk and night duty clerk.

<u>Central Receipt & Issue Section</u>: Means a unit within a Department consisting of the Central Registry and the Central Issue Section.

Information & Facilitation Centre: Is a facility to provide information to citizens/clients about the programmes, schemes etc., as well as status of cases, applications, etc. **Dak:** includes every type of written communications such as letter, telegram, interdepartmental notes, file, fax, E-mail, wireless message, which is received, whether by Post or otherwise, in any department for its consideration.

RECEIPT OF DAK

- During office hours: By CR/IFC;
 Outside office hours:
- Addressee himself if marked 'Immediate';
- In other cases, by the night duty clerk;
- **E-mails:**
- In the Department, downloaded centrally in Computer Centre & forwarded to the CR;
- ✓ If addressed to officers, downloaded by them.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF DAK, ACTION IN CENTRAL REGISTRY

- Acknowledgement: by the recipient signing his full name, date, designation.
- >Action in CR:
- Urgent dak separated from others;
- All covers opened except those by name, or bearing security grading;
- Check enclosures;
- Opened dak stamped;
- Sorted out section-wise/officer-wise.

REGISTRATION OF DAK IN CR

- The following types of DAK will be registered in the DAK REGISTER:
- Telegrams, wireless message, FAX, TELEX & Emails received from the Computer Centre;
- Registered postal DAK;
- Inter-Departmental Files;
- Court/CAT Summonses and Notices;
- Receipts enclosing valuable documents e.g.
 Service Books, Agreements etc.;

REGISTRATION OF DAK IN CR

- Un-opened inner covers containing classified DAK;
- Letters from Members of Parliament;
- Envelopes received without contents or with material not marked to any officer will be registered with necessary comments in the Dak Register;
- Any other category covered by Departmental Instructions;
- Registration in Dak Registers or Computers, if any;

DISTRIBUTION OF DAK BY CR/IFC

- CR/IFC will prepare INVOICE/Peon Book separately for each Section;
- Dak along with Invoice sent to the Section concerned and acknowledged by the Diarist;
- Invoice duly signed returned to CR/IFC and filed Section-wise and Date-wise;
- Dak sent to Officers will be acknowledged by the Personal Staff;
- In case Dak is registered through Computers, Section-wise & Date-wise report generated by Computer;

DELIVERY OF DAK

- Dak distributed to each section/Officers:
- Through invoice or dak register maintained section-wise;
- Same procedure for Officers-acknowledged by personal staff;
- Time of distribution:
- Urgent dak as and when received;
- Others: at suitable intervals e.g. 11 AM, 2 PM, 4 PM.

ACTION IN THE SECTION **Diarising:** Registration of receipts in the Section Diary well as the diary register with the officers' personal staff. **Diarist:** means a clerk within a section charged with the responsibility *inter alia* of maintaining the section diary; **Diary Number:** means the serial number assigned to a receipt in the section diary/personal staff of officers; **Dealing Hand:** means any functionary such as LDC, UDC, Assistant, *entrusted with initial examination and noting upon cases*.

Messenger Book: means a record, maintained in standard form or any other form, particulars of despatch of nonpostal communications & their receipt by the addressee. <u>Security Grading:</u> Security marking of classified documents as 'Top Secret', 'Secret', 'Confidential', or 'Restricted'.

PERUSAL AND MARKING OF RECEIPTS IN THE SECTION

- Section Officer will:
- Go through the receipts;
- Send misdirected receipt to concerned section
- Mark some receipts, in his discretion to higher officers, if required ('May kindly see in dak')
- Mark those to himself difficult receipts or receipts having special features;
- Mark other receipts to dealing hands;
- Keep a note of important receipt.

DIARISING OF RECEIPTS IN THE SECTION

- All receipts should be diarised in the Section Diary before they are distributed to D/H;
- Receipts re-directed to other sections should also be diarised;
- Papers referred to other departments will be diarised each time they are received back;
- Inter-departmental notes, telegrams and similar papers diarised in red ink;
- Diary number indicated on the receipt.

DIARISING OF RECEIPTS IN THE SECTION

- > The following receipts should not be diarised:
- For which separate registers are used, e.g. Telephone Bills, MP's letters;
- Already diarised in the Computer;
- Unsigned without any instructions from officers (except e-mail);
- Identical copies of representations except the one received first;

DIARISING OF RECEIPTS IN THE SECTION

- > The following receipts should not be diarised:
- Post-copies of telegrams unless some addition has been made;
- Petty contingent vouchers;
- Routine acknowledgements;
- Casual leave applications;
- Miscellaneous circulars etc.;
- Others as per departmental instructions.

ALLOCATION OF DISPUTED RECEIPTS

If a Section feels that it is not concerned with a misdirected receipt, it would be brought to the notice of the Officer designated by the Department for deciding allocation of disputed receipts.

ACTION ON RECEIPTS

GENERAL PRINCIPLES:

- Officer to initiate action himself in certain cases;
- ✓No. of levels, paper work minimum.
- Least possible time for examination & Disposal.
- **• Optimum Quality & Quantity.**

ACTION ON RECEIPTS

ACTION BY DEALING HAND:

- ✓Entry in the Assistant's Diary (App-6):
- Scrutiny of receipts & separate urgent receipts from the rest;
- Deal with the urgent receipts first;
- Check enclosures and if any found missing, initiate action to obtain it;
- See whether any other section is concerned with any part; if so, send copies or relevant extracts to that section for necessary action;

ACTION ON RECEIPTS

ACTION BY DEALING HAND:

- Sring the receipt to a current file if one already exists; or
- Open a new file and indicate file no. in column 4 of the Assistant's Diary;
- If the current file is not available for some reasons, part file is opened;
- Part file subsequently merged with the main file when received back;

> A DRAFT WILL BE PUT UP WITHOUT ANY ELABORATE NOTE -

- When the line of action is clear/obvious;
 or
- based on a clear precedent or practice;
 or
- Has been indicated by higher officer, and a communication has to issue;

EXAMINATION BY DEALING HAND

>IN OTHER CASES: Record a Note

- See whether all the statements, so far as they are open to check, are correct;
- Point out mistakes, incorrect statements, missing data or information, if any;
- Draw attention, if necessary, to the statutory or customary procedure and point out the relevant law and rules;
- Furnish other relevant data or info available in the department, if any;

EXAMINATION BY DEALING HAND

- State the questions for consideration and bring out clearly the points requiring decision;
- Draw attention to precedents;
- Evaluate relevant data and information; and
- Suggest, wherever possible, alternative course of action for consideration.

ACTION BY SECTION OFFICER

- >Scrutiny of Dealing Hand's note;
- Dispose of Routine cases;
- Record note if necessary with his own comments/suggestions;

>Submit case.

HIGHER OFFICERS' EXPECTATIONS

- Statements are factually correct;
- Mistakes, missing data pointed out;
- Statutory/Customary procedure, Precedents attention drawn;
- Relevant Law/Rules pointed out;
- Points requiring decision clearly brought out
- Possible alternatives suggested;
- Level of disposal indicated.

THANK YOU